| 8     |  |
|-------|--|
| Stick |  |
| a     |  |
| as    |  |
| hi    |  |

| Name/Date   | Teacher/Grad      | е               |                           |  |  |  |
|---|-------------------|-----------------|---------------------------|--|--|--|
| Scores: Reading Engagement/8 Independent Range: 6–7   | Oral Reading Flue | ncy/16<br>11–14 | Comprehension/28<br>19–25 |  |  |  |
| <b>Book Selection</b> Text selected by:   | ☐ teacher         | ☐ stud          | ent                       |  |  |  |
| 1. READING ENGAGEMENT  (If the student has recently answered these questions, skip this section.) |                   |                 |                           |  |  |  |
| T: What kinds of books do you like to read?  T: Tell me about one of your favorite books          |                   |                 |                           |  |  |  |
| T: How do you choose the books you read?  |                   |                 |                           |  |  |  |

### 2. ORAL READING FLUENCY

#### INTRODUCTION

T: In this folktale, Thin as a Stick, Lizard is a very fat fellow. Lizard changes after he meets Prairie Dog. **Please read aloud pages 2 through 4.** Show the student where to stop reading at the **★**.

# RECORD OF ORAL READING



Record the student's oral reading behaviors. Note the student's fluency (expression and phrasing). Be sure to time the student's reading.

# Page 2

fellow. A long ago, Lizard was а very Each day would the he sit in sun and sleep. When he was hungry, he would tip his head didn't and zap ants with his long tongue. He food. He even move his would just to get the by. wait until ants walked

### Page 3

Lizard slowly climbed One day, large Up on rock. He slept most of the day in the warm Under the ground, Prairie sun. Dog was making a tunnel. By lunch time he was tired. As Prairie Dog came up through Lizard's ground, he bumped his head on

"Ouch!" he cried, popping out of the ground. "Who put this rock here?"

"Not me," said Lizard, laid as he down once top of his rock. "Maybe VOU should again on where you're going." watch

## Page 4

**Prairie** "Oh, veah?" Dog was in bad mood. а shouted. "Well, maybe should you watch going!" With **Prairie** you're that, Dog gave rock a great big

Time: \_\_\_\_\_ minutes:seconds

### ORAL READING WORDS PER MINUTE, PERCENT OF ACCURACY

Use the student's oral reading time to circle the WPM range.

Word Count: 170

| INTRVN          |               | INSTR     | IND       | ADV          |  |
|-----------------|---------------|-----------|-----------|--------------|--|
| Minutes:Seconds | 2:52 or more  | 2:51–2:27 | 2:26-1:42 | 1:41 or less |  |
| WPM             | PM 59 or less |           | 70–100    | 101 or more  |  |

Count the number of miscues that are not self-corrected. Circle the percent of accuracy based on the number of miscues.

|                     | INTRVN     | INSTR | IND |     |    | ADV |     |     |
|---------------------|------------|-------|-----|-----|----|-----|-----|-----|
| Number of Miscues   | 12 or more | 10–11 | 8–9 | 6–7 | 5  | 3–4 | 1–2 | 0   |
| Percent of Accuracy | 93 or less | 94    | 95  | 96  | 97 | 98  | 99  | 100 |

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- If the student's score falls in a shaded area for either WPM or Accuracy, STOP! Reassess with a lower-level text.
- If the student is reading below the grade-level benchmark, administer *DRA Word Analysis*, beginning with Task 22, at another time.

### 3. COMPREHENSION

#### **PREDICTION**

Students do not use the text when making their predictions. Record the student's responses.

T: Think about the title, the pictures you have seen, and what you have read so far. (Pause) Tell me three things that you think might happen in the rest of this story.

#### SILENT READING

T: Now, it's time to read and enjoy this story by yourself. When you are done, please come to me and I'll ask you to tell me what happened in this story.

#### RETELLING

As the student retells, underline and record on the Story Overview the information included in the student's retelling. Please note the student does not need to use the exact words.

**T:** Close the book before the retelling, and then say: **Start at the beginning, and tell me what happened in this story.** 

# Story Overview

### Beginning

- 1. A long time ago Lizard was a fat fellow. He didn't even move to get his food.
- 2. Prairie Dog was working hard, making a tunnel.
- 3. When Prairie Dog came up, he bumped his head on the rock where Lizard was sitting and asked, "Who put this rock here?"
- 4. Lizard said, "Not me. Maybe you should watch where you're going."

#### Middle

- 5. Prairie Dog said, "Maybe you should watch where you're going." Then he gave the rock a big shove.
- 6. Lizard held on tight to the rock as it rolled down the hill and stopped at the bottom, not far from a river.
- 7. He was too big and heavy to wiggle out from under the rock. No one heard Lizard's cries for help.
- 8. As the days passed, lizard lost weight and was able to slither out from under the rock.
- 9. Lizard was very thirsty, so he dashed to the river. He looked at his reflection and was sad because he was as thin as a stick and not a fine fat fellow.

#### End

150

- 10. Hawk flew over Lizard, looking for dinner. He flew down toward Lizard.
- 11. Lizard darted between two rocks out of Hawk's sight and said, "I'm glad I'm thin as a stick because I'm also as fast as lightning!"
- 12. From that day on, Lizard was quite happy to be as thin as a stick.

If necessary, use one or more of the following prompts to gain further information after the initial retelling. Place a checkmark by a prompt each time it is used.

| Tell me more. | What happened at the beginning? | What happened before/after \_\_\_\_\_\_\_ (an event mentioned by the student)? | Who else was in the story? | How did the story end? |

INTERPRETATION | Record the student's reponses to the prompts and questions below.

T: What do you think the author is trying to tell you in this story? |

REFLECTION | T: What do you think was the most important thing that happened in this story?

# 4. TEACHER ANALYSIS

T: Why do you think that was important?

### **ORAL READING**

If the student had 5 or more different miscues, use the information recorded on the Record of Oral Reading to complete the chart below.

| Student problem-solves words using:  ☐ beginning letter(s)/sound(s) ☐ letter-sound clusters  | Number of miscues self-corrected: _<br>Number of miscues not self-corrected<br>Number of words told to the student: | d:  |
|--|---|---|
| <ul> <li>□ onset and rime</li> <li>□ blending letters/sounds</li> <li>□ knowledge of spelling patterns (analogies)</li> <li>□ syllables</li> <li>□ rereading</li> <li>□ no observable behaviors</li> </ul> | Miscues interfered with meaning: ☐ never ☐ at times ☐ often   | Miscues included:  ☐ omissions ☐ insertions ☐ substitutions that were ☐ visually similar ☐ not visually similar |
| Copy each substitution to help analyze e.g., scratched (substitution) stretched (text)   | the student's attention to visual informat  | ion.  |

Oral Reading Rate: (Optional) Use the formula below to determine the student's exact oral

170 (words)  $\div$  \_\_\_\_\_ total seconds = \_\_\_\_ WPS × 60 = \_\_\_\_ WPM

reading rate. Convert the student's reading time to all seconds.

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#### **DRA2** Continuum

- Circle the descriptors that best describe the student's reading behaviors and responses.
  - 1. Use your daily classroom observations and the student's responses to the Reading Engagement questions to select statements that best describe the student's level of Reading Engagement.
  - 2. Use your recorded observations from this assessment to select the statements that best describe the student's Oral Reading Fluency and Comprehension.
- Add the circled numbers to obtain a total score for each section.
- Record the total scores at the top of page 1.

Note: If the Comprehension score is less than 19, administer DRA2 with a lower-level text.

| DRA2 CONTINUUM                       |  | LEVEL 24  | TRANSITIONAL READER   |  |  |  |
|--------------------------------------|--|---|---|--|--|--|
|                                      | INTERVENTION   | INSTRUCTIONAL   | INDEPENDENT   | ADVANCED   |  |  |
| Reading Engagement                   | •  |   |   |  |  |  |
| Book Selection                       | 1 Selects texts from identified leveled sets with teacher support; uncertain about a favorite book       | 2 Selects texts from identified leveled sets with moderate support; tells about favorite book in general terms  | 3 Selects texts from identified leveled sets most of the time; identifies favorite book by title and tells about a particular event | 4 Selects a variety of "just<br>right" texts; identifies<br>favorite book by title and<br>gives an overview of the<br>book |  |  |
| Sustained Reading                    | 1 Sustains independent reading for a short period of time with much encouragement                        | 2 Sustains independent reading with moderate encouragement  | 3 Sustains independent reading for at least 15 minutes at a time  | 4 Sustains independent reading for an extended period of time  |  |  |
| Score                                | 2 3  | 4 5   | 6 7   | 8  |  |  |
| Oral Reading Fluency                 |  |   |   |  |  |  |
| Expression                           | 1 Little expression;<br>monotone   | 2 Some expression that conveys meaning  | <b>3</b> Expression reflects mood, pace, and tension at times   | <b>4</b> Expression reflects mood, pace, and tension most of the time  |  |  |
| Phrasing                             | 1 Reads mostly word-by-<br>word  | py- most of the time; inappropriate pauses  2 Reads in longer phrases at times; heeds most punctuation  3 Reads in longer phrases at times; heeds most punctuation  4 Reads in meaningful the time; |   | 4 Reads in longer,<br>meaningful phrases most of<br>the time; heeds all<br>punctuation                                     |  |  |
| Rate                                 | 1 59 WPM or less   | <b>2</b> 60–69 WPM  | <b>3</b> 70–100 WPM   | 4 101 WPM or more  |  |  |
| Accuracy                             | 1 93% or less 2 94% 3 95%-   |   | <b>3</b> 95%–98%  | <b>4</b> 99%–100%  |  |  |
| Score                                | 4 5 6  | 7 8 9 10  | 11 12 13 14   | 15 16  |  |  |
| Comprehension                        |  |   |   |  |  |  |
| Prediction                           | 1 Makes unrelated or no prediction(s)  | <b>2</b> Makes at least 1 reasonable prediction related to the text   | 3 Makes at least 2 reasonable predictions that go beyond the pages read aloud   | <b>4</b> Makes at least 3 thoughtful predictions that go beyond the pages read aloud                                       |  |  |
| Retelling:<br>Sequence of Events     |  |   | 3 Includes most of the important events from the beginning, middle, and end, generally in sequence                                  | 4 Includes all important<br>events from the beginning,<br>middle, and end in sequence                                      |  |  |
| Retelling:<br>Characters and Details | 1 Refers to characters using general pronouns; may include incorrect information                         | s; may appropriate pronouns; by name and inclu  |   | 4 Refers to all characters<br>by name and includes all<br>important details  |  |  |
| Retelling:<br>Vocabulary             | 1 Uses general terms or<br>labels; limited understanding<br>of key words/concepts                        |   |   | 4 Uses important<br>language/vocabulary from<br>the text; good understanding<br>of key words/concepts                      |  |  |
| Retelling:<br>Teacher Support        | 1 Retells with 5 or more questions or prompts  |   |   | 4 Retells with no questions or prompts   |  |  |
| Interpretation                       | 1 Little or no understanding of important text implications  | important text implications; text implications; may of i no supporting details implications include supporting details imp  |   | 4 Insightful understanding of important text implications with supporting details or rationale                             |  |  |
| Reflection                           | event; no reason for opinion or no response significant event and/or gives a general reason for response |   | 3 Identifies a significant event <u>and</u> gives relevant reason(s) for opinion  | 4 Identifies a significant event <u>and</u> gives reason(s) for opinion that reflects higher-level thinking                |  |  |
| Score                                | 7 8 9 10 11 12 13 14 15 16 17 18   |   | 19 20 21 22 23 24 25  | 26 27 28   |  |  |

Choose three to five teaching/learning activities on the *DRA*2 Focus for Instruction on the next page.

### DRA2 FOCUS FOR INSTRUCTION FOR TRANSITIONAL READERS

| RE.        | ADING ENGAGEMENT   | Rei | telling  |
|------------|--|-----|--|
| Bo         | ok Selection   |     | Model and teach how to retell a story  |
|            | Teach student strategies to select "just right" books for  |     | Model and teach how to identify important events to                                      |
|            | independent reading  |     | include in a retelling   |
|            | Introduce student to reading materials from a variety of genres                                      |     | Support retelling a story in sequence<br>Encourage student to use characters' names when |
|            | Teach student how to use a reading log to monitor  |     | retelling a story  |
| _          | book selection  Model/teach how to read for different purposes                                       |     | Model and teach how to identify important details to include in a retelling              |
|            |  |     | Model and support using key language and vocabulary                                      |
| $\Box$     | stained Reading  Model and support how to read independently   |     | from the text in a retelling   |
|            | Teach strategies to build reading stamina  Develop clear expectations for amount of                  |     | Model and teach how to create and use story maps to aid retelling                        |
| _          | independent reading  | Int | erpretation  |
|            | Create structures to support reading at home   |     | Model how to infer during shared reading and read-<br>alouds                             |
|            | AL READING FLUENCY   |     | Teach and share examples of inferences Model and teach student how to think about Why?   |
|            | pression and Phrasing  |     | questions while and after reading a text   |
|            | Model and support reading in longer, meaningful phrases with appropriate expression                  |     | Model and teach how to support inferences with   |
|            | Have student practice appropriate expression with  |     | examples from the text   |
|            | familiar texts   | Da  | flection   |
|            | Have student participate in choral reading and/or  |     | Help student identify important message in a story                                       |
|            | reader's theater<br>Teach student to heed punctuation  |     | Provide opportunities to identify and discuss the  |
|            |  |     | important event in a story Demonstrate and teach student how to support                  |
| Ra         |  |     | opinion with details from the text   |
| ш          | Provide materials and time for repeated reading to increase reading rate                             |     | opinion with decima from the tent  |
|            | Teach student to read lower-level and/or familiar texts  | OT  | HER  |
|            | at an appropriate rate   |     |  |
|            | curacy: Word Analysis  |     |  |
|            | Support and reinforce self-corrections of miscues  | _   |  |
|            | Model and support how to take words apart (e.g., onset and rime, syllables) to problem-solve unknown |     |  |
|            | words Tooch have to use word shunks and analogies to   |     |  |
| ш          | Teach how to use word chunks and analogies to problem-solve unknown words                            |     |  |
|            | Provide spelling activities and word sorts to help   | _   |  |
|            | student recognize patterns in words  |     |  |
| <b>C</b> O | MPREHENSION  |     |  |
| UU         | IVIFRENEINOIUN   |     |  |

#### Prediction

- ☐ Teach student how to make predictions based on title and book cover, as well as opening paragraphs and illustrations of texts read aloud
- ☐ Model and support how to use background knowledge to make meaningful predictions

